

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

SOIL CONSERVATION LITERATURE
SELECTED CURRENT REFERENCES

V.4

May/June, 1940

No.3



Periodical Articles	Page 63
Book and Pamphlet Notes and Abstracts	Page 87
State Experiment Station and Extension Publications . .	Page 90
U.S. Government Publications	Page 93
Translations	Page 101
Bibliographies and Lists	Page 101
Personnel and Training	Page 101

"The ultimate motive for soil conservation
is human conservation."

Otis Durant Duncan

Compiled By The Library Staff Of The Soil Conservation Service
From Publications Received In The
United States Department of Agriculture Library, Washington, D.C.

The publications listed herein may in most cases be borrowed from the Library of the Soil Conservation Service by members of the Washington and field staffs.

Loan requests should be submitted on Form SCS-405, those from field offices being routed through Regional Office Libraries. Complete citations, together with source of references, should always be included.

Mildred Benton
Librarian

PERIODICAL ARTICLESAgricultural Conservation

Ball, C.R. Citizens help plan and operate action programs. U.S. Bur. Agr. Econ. Land Policy Rev. 3(2):19-27. March-April 1940.

Considers two aspects of several programs including that of the Soil Conservation Service: The cooperation among the levels of government and the extent of participation of private citizens.

Englund, Eric. What price conservation? U.S. Bur. Agr. Econ. Land Policy Rev. 3(2):1-11. March-April 1940.

"What can the United States afford to spend for agricultural conservation?"

"The development of the implications of this question - entirely apart from periodic debates on appropriations - might help advance the progress of recent years in conservational policies and programs."

The writer suggests "financing conservation on a budget principle which would definitely provide for alternate periods of surplus and deficit financing in conjunction with years of relative prosperity and depression. This in turn would require that conservation work be made a part, perhaps the main part, of a systematic rural works program. This would not only contribute to the conservation of agricultural resources, but also to a better rural-urban economic balance."

Agricultural Engineering

Ekblaw, K.J.T. Engineering factors in a balanced agriculture. Agr. Engin. 21(4):127-128. April 1940.

"An address before a meeting of the Southern Section of the American Society of Agricultural Engineers at Birmingham, Ala., February 7, 1940. (Abridged.)"

Lorenzen, C., jr. Micro-climate and the agricultural engineer. Amer. Met. Soc. Bul. 21(3):114-115. March 1940.

Abstract of talk before the No. California branch of the American Meteorological Society, Nov. 20, 1939.

Avocados

le Roux, J.C. The avocado in South Africa. I. Soil and climatic requirements, varieties, and methods of propagation. Farming in So. Africa 15 (168):89-92, figs. March 1940.

"References," p. 92.

"According to experience gained in the eastern Transvaal, avocados do well when planted against mountain slopes with satisfactory soil depth. In such instances the land should be properly terraced, if possible prior to the planting of the trees. Contour terraces under construction in California are illustrated in Figure 1.

"Another system of constructing terraces between the tree rows by

frequent ploughing towards the lower side subsequent to planting is practised in the north-eastern Transvaal with success."

Beavers

Beavers water his cattle. Capper's Farmer 51 (4):64. April 1940.

Beaver dams, spaced regularly along a Texas ranch stream, kept the pasture watered during dry years when other stockmen were spending large sums for wells and tanks.

Gustin, W.M. Beaver pay for life with tax-free dams. West. Farm Life 42(9):9. May 1, 1940.

"Each beaver if properly placed is worth \$300 from the standpoint of conservation, according to Idaho Game Director Owen W. Morris."

Canopy Interception

Haynes, J.L. Ground rainfall under vegetative canopy of crops. Amer. Soc. Agron. Jour. 32(3):176-184, tables, figs. March 1940.

"Literature cited," p. 184.

Contour Line Device

Schoenleber, L.H. A new device for laying out contour lines. Agr. Engin. 21(3):91-92, table, figs. March 1940.

County Planning

Allin, B.W. County land use planning. Mont. Farmer 27(9):3. Jan. 1, 1930.

Traces briefly the evolution of county land use planning from its experimental period in Montana, through the efforts of M.L. Wilson.

Ensminger, Douglas. The community in county planning. U.S. Bur. Agr. Econ. Land Policy Rev. 3(2):44-51, diagr. March-April 1940.

Planning for forest and farm. U.S. Ext. Serv., Ext. Serv. Rev. 2(3):37. March 1940.

"The county planning committee in Coos County, Oreg., a unified county, has made a detailed study of the local land use situation and is developing an agricultural program to meet county needs, as described on the National Farm and Home Hour."

Cover Crops

Baker, C.E. Cover crop problems in cultivated orchards. Amer. Fruit Grower 60(1):13, 24-25, 27, illus. January 1940.

Dams

Dam busting problem. Wallaces' Farmer and Iowa Homestead 65(7):263. Apr. 6, 1940.

Describes, briefly, the apparatus evolved by L.C. Aicher and E.N. Canaday to solve the problem of running machinery over water conserving dams down between the lister rows.

de Szabo, J. A cheap and effective stone-in-wire dam. Farming in So. Africa 15(167):58, figr. February 1940.

An inexpensive type of dam for arresting soil erosion, suggested by the Grootfontein School of Agriculture, South Africa.

Flood, Francis. Wrinkles that hold the water. Farmer-Stockman 53(6): 147, illus. Mar. 15, 1940.

"Damming is a new wrinkle in contour listing on range pastures in Midland county, west Texas, yet the results on 2,200 miles of dammed furrows made in the county in 1938 and 1939 indicate it is successful."

McFee, R.E. Building an earth dam. Rural New Yorker 99(5474):227, figs. Apr. 6, 1940.

Nesbit, R.J. Living dams control gullies. That fence-row washout can do damage. Ohio Farmer 185(6):11, illus. Mar. 23, 1940.

White, Magner. "We're moving the rain." Sat. Evening Post 212(44): 18-19, 36, 38, 40, 42, illus. Apr. 27, 1940.

Describes the Central Valley, California project which involves two great dams, Shasta Dam on the Sacramento river and Friant Dam on the San Joaquin.

Drought

Gillette, H.P. A portentous drought in the making. Water Works and Sewerage 87(1):38-39, illus. January 1940.

The writer concludes with the following note. "Geologists interpret the ancient by the recent past. Hydraulic engineers should reverse this process and thus be led to forecast future regional dry and wet epochs by using cycles that sediments disclose. To do so will mark, I believe, one of the major advances in the science of hydraulic engineering."

Evaporation

Gow, P.L. Evaporation of moisture from soil in large lysimeter pots. Hawaii. Planters Rec. 43(4):287-290. Fourth Quarter 1939.

"Water-consumption data for 162 by 2 by 2 ft. concrete lysimeter pots, treated with asphaltum to prevent leakage, are recorded for the months of July, August, and September, 1938, with parts of June and October of the same year. These figures indicate losses by evaporation from the uncropped soil of a magnitude which appeared to be 'contrary to certain established ideas with respect to soil-water relationships'." U.S. Off. Expt. Stas., Expt. Sta. Rec. 82(4):449. April 1940.

Richards, L.A. and Russell, M.B. A method for recording evaporation from a porous atmometer cup. Iowa State Col. Jour. Sci. 13(1):17-19, illus. October 1938.

"The rate and amount of evaporation from a porous atmometer cup can be recorded by an automatic drop counter."

Figure 1 shows a record of evaporation rate that was taken during the summer of 1937 at the Soil Conservation Service Experiment Station at Clarinda, Iowa.

Farm Forestry

Bruner, M.H. Another approach to farm forestry. Jour. Forestry 38(4): 307-310. April 1940.

A response to John F. Preston's article "The approach to Farm Forestry" in May 1939, issue of the Journal of Forestry.

Summary - "1. Exception is taken to Preston's statement that the farm forestry problem is a baffling one. It is contended that the farmer is usually the victim of economic circumstances, and that he will become interested in woodland management when he can make greater profits from his timber. Greater profits depend largely upon better market conditions and educational work in utilization and marketing.

3. In approaching the farm forestry problem foresters should pay more attention to timber marketing, and also attempt to view the situation through the eyes of the farmer.

4. The profits the farmer usually receives from timber sales are dependent upon (1) existing markets, (2) the economic situation of the landowner, and (3) the intelligence of the seller.

5. Foresters, in general, are too academic in their approach to the farm forestry problem.

6. Exception is taken to Preston's complicated woodland management result demonstration procedure. Accordingly, a more simple procedure is described that is providing the basis for the Extension Service educational program in South Carolina."

Floods and Flood Control

American society of civil engineers. Committee on flood-protection data. Flood protection data. Progress report of the committee. Amer. Soc. Civ. Engin. Proc. 66(4):615-626. April 1940.

Annual progress report for 1939 presented by the committee, Gerard H. Matthes, chairman.

Recent publications on floods are included.

Fox, J.M., Finkle, F.C., Sonderegger, A.L., Troxell, H.C., and Lord, R.S.

Transient flood peaks. Amer. Soc. Civ. Engin. Proc. 66(4):745-769, figs., tables. April 1940.

Discussion of paper by H.B. Lynch appearing in November, 1939, Proceedings.

Keulegan, G.H. and Patterson, G.W. Mathematical theory of irrotational translation waves. U.S. Natl. Bur. Standards. Jour. Res. 24(1):47-101, figs. January 1940.

"References", pp. 100-101.

Research Paper RPL272.

"The growing importance of predicting the occurrence of floods and the rate of travel and height of flood waves as they pass down rivers has led in recent years to a marked increase in the literature on this subject. However, in no language can there be found a comprehensive presentation of the mathematical treatment of the problem of such waves..."

"It is for this reason that the National Bureau of Standards, at the suggestion of the United States Weather Bureau, has commenced the preparation of a series of papers dealing with the mathematical theory

of flood waves and other waves of translation. It is not the purpose of these papers to furnish a practical method of predicting the rate of flood-wave travel and the rate of attenuation of the wave in an actual river channel with its complex flow conditions. Instead, the purpose is to furnish a sound mathematical theory on which attempts to solve the practical problems of flood prediction can be based.

"The present paper, the first of the series, deals with the motion of translation waves in channels of uniform, rectangular cross section when the forces of fluid friction are negligible with respect to the inertia and gravitational forces. Later papers in the series as now planned are in various stages of completion and will deal with the following topics: The effect of turbulence and channel slope and configuration on the motion of translation waves; the theory of quasi-permanent regime and the methods of prediction of flood waves; and recent advances in the problem of the deformation of an intumescence."

Maloney, John. Controlling the Red River basin. Flood prevention and water conservation are at last undertaken in the famous Red River Valley of the North. Earth Mover 27(4):7-10, illus. April 1940.

Williams, G.R. and Baker, D.M. Transient flood peaks. Amer. Soc. Civ. Engin. Proc. 66(3):546-552, figr. March 1940.

Discussion of paper by Henry B. Lynch published in November 1939 issue.

Woodward, S.M., Kindinger, M., Werner, P.W., and Smith, W.E. Functional design of flood control reservoirs. Amer. Soc. Civ. Engin. Proc. 66(4):695-706, tables, figrs. April 1940.

Discussion of paper by C.J. Posey appearing in October, 1939, Proceedings.

Forest Fire Prevention

Briggs, William and Densmore, Jack. When woods burn who gains? Wis. Agr. and Farmer 67(8):5, 12, illus. Apr. 20, 1940.

Shea, J.P. "Our pappies burned the woods" and set a pattern of human behavior in southern forests that calls for new methods of fire prevention. Amer. Forests 46(4):159-162, 174, illus. April 1940.

As the result of a survey by the U.S. Forest Service, a ten-point program of education through social action is suggested.

Forestry

Allen, S.W. Holland's school forest. Amer. Forests 46(5):206-208, 238, 240, illus. May 1940.

How a talk on community forests by E.V. Jotter, when he was associated with the University of Michigan, inspired the biology department of Holland, Michigan high school to plan a school forest.

Through the cooperation of the Soil Conservation Service and other agencies and individuals the tract of land chosen several years ago today "is a forest, rather small to be sure, but dotting the snow in winter and the white sand in summer with thousands of red pines and white pines; exhibiting also some of the most efficient sand-blow

control to be found anywhere along the great dune belt on the east shore of Lake Michigan."

Dahl, Jerome. Progress and development of the prairie states forestry project. Jour.Forestry 38(4):301-306. April 1940.

"Over five years have passed since President Roosevelt officially launched, by Executive Order, the program of shelterbelt planting in the Plains States of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas. The acceptance by the U.S. Forest Service of the administrative responsibility for this program, first known as the Shelterbelt Project, was a source of genuine concern to many foresters and others, who entertained considerable doubt as to its feasibility. A few foresters, however, particularly Plains foresters, saw many possibilities in this new undertaking. Developments to date, in the main, indicate that the program has been very successful."

Grasses and Grassland

Bailey, L.F. Some water relations of three western grasses. I. The transpiration ratio. Amer. Jour. Bot. 27(2):122-128, figs., tables. February 1940.

"Literature cited," p. 128.

"In regions of low rainfall, such as in the western grasslands of the United States, plants useful for soil conservation must not only be adapted to binding soil, but they must also be physiologically suited to withstand periods of drought without excessive injury. It is desirable that they should be economical in their use of the limited supply of moisture. In this paper the transpiration ratios of three western grasses commonly used for soil-conservation purposes are considered."

They are *Agropyron Smithii* Rydb., *Bromus marginatus* Nees., and *Agropyron ciliare* (Trin.) Franch.

Bailey, L.F. Some water relations of three western grasses. II. Drought resistance. III. Root developments. Amer. Jour. Bot. 27(3):129-135, figs. March 1940.

"Literature cited," pp. 134-135.

"The drought resistance of *Agropyron Smithii*, *A. ciliare*, and *Bromus marginatus* is considered from two standpoints - viz., their ability to withstand dehydration without injury and the ability of their underground parts to remain dormant during periods of drought. *Agropyron Smithii* loses 41.6 ± 1 per cent of its total water content before permanent wilting ensues. *Bromus marginatus* and *Agropyron ciliare* lose $49.1 \pm$ and 50.3 ± 1.2 per cent, respectively, of their total water contents before the onset of permanent wilting. These values indicate only a moderate ability to withstand drought without injury.

The subterranean parts of all three species remained dormant during a period of six months of severe drought, and produced new shoots when water was added to the soil. After another drought period of six months' duration, only *Agropyron Smithii* resumed growth when water was added to the pots.

Root bisects of field plants of the three grasses revealed that a large percentage of the roots of each species occurred in the upper twenty centimeters of the soil. From the standpoint of the percentage

of surface roots, the spread of surface roots, and the depth of rooting, Agropyron Smithii is the most desirable species for soil-conservation purposes."

Brackeen, L.O. Johnson grass cowman's ally. Prog. Farmer (Ga.-Ala.-Fla. Ed.) 55(4):8, illus. April 1940.

"K.G. Baker, manager of the Black Belt Experiment Station, Marion Junction, Ala., has found a profitable way to utilize Johnson grass fields in a year-round grazing system for producing beef cattle and for building and conserving soils.

"The new system supplements fertilized permanent pastures with temporary pastures of green Johnson grass and clovers during spring and summer and utilizes frosted and stacked Johnson grass in the fields during winter. The system has worked successfully on the experiment station during the past three years and is worthy of the consideration of many Black Belt farmers."

Cates, J.S. Riches from the air. Country Gent. 110(4):21, 93, illus. April 1940.

The author tells of developments and progress in grass breeding.

du Toit, E. Kikuyu grass as an aid in donga reclamation in South Africa. Farming in So. Africa 15(167):55-56, illus. February 1940.

Fischer, G.W. Grass diseases occurring in the Pullman nursery unit of the Soil Conservation Nurseries, Pullman, Washington, during 1939. U.S. Bur. Plant Indus. Div. Mycol. and Dis. Survey. Plant Dis. Reporter 24(5):108. Mar. 15, 1940.

Fuellenan, R.F. and Burlison, W.L. A comparison of yields and composition of some Illinois pasture plants. Amer. Soc. Agron. Jour. 32(4):243-255, tables. April 1940.

"Data are presented showing the yields of oven-dry forage from Reed canary grass, bromegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and orchard grass pastures at Urbana, Illinois.

Grass can be made to grow on deserts but it takes knowledge and planning. Ariz. Prod. 18(22):13, illus. Jan. 6, 1940.

J.O. Bridges, of New Mexico experimental station, outlines the 7 steps essential to putting grass on the desert.

Roberts, Clarence. Bermuda grass is coming into its own. Farmer-Stockman 53(9):235, illus. May 1, 1940.

"When we combine the ability of Bermuda grass to prevent soil erosion, the large amount of grazing it will furnish per acre in relation to other crops growing on the same soil, and its high mineral content, the arguments in behalf of this crop grow formidable. It appears to be about the perfect answer to an imperative need to stop erosion on land which has been farmed to death, and to produce at the same time something of value from that land."

Savage, D.A. and Smith, J.E. Regrassing cultivated lands in the Southern Great Plains. Cattlemen 26(10):121-132, figs., tables. March 1940.

Sears, P.B. Importance of grassland reserves. Sci.Monthly 50(4): 379-382, illus. April 1940.

Grazing

Bailey, R.Y. A grazing program for soil conservation in the southeast. Soil Conserv. 5(10):243-244, 253, 259, illus. April 1940.

Chandler, R.F., jr. The influence of grazing upon certain soil and climatic conditions in farm woodlands. Amer.Soc.Agron.Jour. 32(3): 216-230, tables, figs. March 1940.
"Literature cited," p.230.

Featherly, H.I. and Gernert, W.B. Grazing in Oklahoma. Amer.Hereford Jour. 30(21):18-19, 62-63, illus. Mar.1, 1940.
A discussion by A. and M. College authorities.

Hanson, W.R. and Stoddart, L.A. Effects of grazing upon bunch wheat grass. Amer.Soc.Agron.Jour. 32(4):278-289, figs., tables. April 1940.
"Literature cited," pp.288-289.

Hein, M.A. Grazing management for permanent pastures in corn belt and northeastern states. Soil Conserv. 5(10):248-250, illus. April 1940.

Gullies

Bryan, Kirk. Gully gravure - a method of slope retreat. Jour.Geomorph. 3(2):89-107, figs. April 1940.

Highway Erosion Control

Erickson, L.F. Difficulties in Idaho road-building. How the principles of stabilization were applied to holding an embankment over a marshy basin. Earth Mover 27(2):17-19, illus., diagr. February 1940.

Murphy, F.C. Preventing shoulder and slope erosion. Highway Mag. 31(3): 63-65. March 1940.
Fourth of a series of articles on prevention of erosion of road embankments and cuts.

Murphy, F.C. Subdrainage rules are simple. Highway Mag. 31:41-43, illus. February 1940.
"Third of a series of articles on erosion protection of cuts and embankments."

Murphy, R.D. Soil erosion on slopes: methods of correction and prevention on Massachusetts State highway systems. Roads and Streets 83(2):60, 63-64. February 1940.
Review of methods of soil erosion control developed by Department of Public Works of Massachusetts; control of surface water; prevention of erosion due to rainfall; practical examples of soil treatment for prevention of erosion on highway slopes.

Hydraulics and Hydrology

Bakhmeteff, B.A. Relation of the statistical theory of turbulence to hydraulics. Amer.Soc.Civ.Engin.66(3):581-583. March 1940.
Discussion of paper by A.A.Kalinske published in October, 1939 issue.

Gauthier, F.B. Orthographic photography applied to experimental hydraulics. Photo Tech.2(4):33-35, illus. April 1940.

"Orthographic photographs as a medium for presenting special types of data obtained on small scale hydraulic models have long been recognized by experimental engineers as an especially valuable adjunct to any report. The East River model study, conducted for the New York District Engineer at the U.S. Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi, is an excellent example of the practical application of this type of photography to experimental hydraulics."

Hubbard, C.W., McNown, J.S., and Shulits, Samuel. Relation of the statistical theory of turbulence to hydraulics. Amer.Soc.Civ.Engin.Proc.66(4):709-716. April 1940.

Discussion of paper by A.A.Kalinske appearing in October, 1939, Proceedings.

Nelidov, I.M. Pressure-momentum theory applied to the broad-crested weir. Amer.Soc.Civ.Engin.Proc.66(4):804-808, figr. April 1940.

Discussion of paper by H.A.Doeringsfeld appearing in December, 1939, Proceedings.

Pomerene, W.H. Instruments for hydrologic research. Agr.Engin.21(3):102. March 1940.

Irrigation and Drainage

Bushnell, D.H. Drainage investigations of the farm credit administration. Agr.Engin.21(3):107-109, figrs. March 1940.

Haas, A.R.C. Temporary effect of an irrigation on pH of soil. Citrus Leaves 19(11):1-2, 22, tables. November 1939.

Kelley, W.P. Permissible composition and concentration of irrigation water. Amer.Soc.Civ.Engin.Proc.66(4):607-613. April 1940.

"The limit of permissible salt content of irrigation water is greatly influenced by variables inherent in the soil, the climatic conditions, and the kind of crops grown. It is of the greatest importance to apply saline irrigation water in quantities in excess of the crop requirements, in order that some leaching of the root zone will take place. Therefore, the maintenance of good drainage condition in the soil is very important. Salts, whether native to the soil or applied in the irrigation water, cannot be removed effectively unless water can percolate through the soil, and this can never be accomplished adequately where the ground water is near the surface."

Man-made rain. N.J.Farm and Garden 10(10):5, 40, illus. October 1939.
Irrigation in New Jersey.

Mercer, R.D. Irrigated pastures. Mont. Farmer 27(14):13. Mar. 13, 1940.

Morrison, Stu. New water in New Mexico. West. Farm Life 42(9):3, 12, illus. May 1, 1940.

Indicates expected value to farmers and ranchers of the completed Tucumcari irrigation project.

Taylor, F.J. Oregon's half-wet farming. Country Gent. 110(4):15, 38-39, illus. April 1940.

Describes irrigation practices in the Willamette Valley termed "half-wet farming" by Dr. W.L. Powers of Oregon State Agricultural College.

Young, Frank. Lifeblood for the Navajos. West. Farm Life 42(6):3, 14, illus. Mar. 15, 1940.

Irrigation projects sponsored by the federal government and the Bureau of Indian Affairs are making it possible to vision "a future with additional canals and storage dams which will save the waste water and convert the Chin Lee Valley, with its thousands of acres of semi-arid land, into a true Navajo farmers' paradise."

Land Management and Utilization

Blaisdell, D.C. Traveling conferences show regional land use problems. U.S. Ext. Serv. Ext. Serv. Rev. 2(3):39. March 1940.

"A 'county agent's tour' on a regional scale - this in a phrase describes the traveling conferences on agricultural land use planning completed in January."

Clark, N.M. Again the wilderness. Country Gent. 110(4):19, 44-45, illus. April 1940.

"Control of land use is restoring the wilderness in Northern Wisconsin. Scars left by fire, exploitation and ignorance are disappearing under a new cover of green which promises to yield the region the largest profit in the long run. County forests plus county zoning are demonstrating here that local control can govern wisely even the large-scale use of a difficult natural resource."

How are you treating your land? Prog. Farmer (Tex. Ed.) 55(5):8, 52, illus. May 1940.

A list of 25 questions developed from combined suggestions of the Soil Conservation Service, farmers, and Progressive Farmer editors which should enable every farmer definitely to check his plans for using his land wisely and for conserving its resources.

Howard, R.G. Price river district, Utah, and the submarginal land problem. Soil Conserv. 5(11):283-284. May 1940.

Hurst, F.J. Grass grows greenbacks. Numerous pasture demonstrations in the lower South strikingly prove that good pastures pay handsome dividends on labor and money invested. South. Agr. 70(4):8, illus. April 1940.

"After fighting grass for nearly 100 years in an unbalanced, hazardous and unprofitable system of one-crop farming that impoverished the soil, practically excluded productive livestock, limited cash returns largely

to cotton, and made it impossible to use land, labor and equipment efficiently throughout the year, Mississippi farmers are now building permanent pastures as a basic part of a sound system of diversified farming and soil conservation that is already bringing in added cash from increased sales of cattle, calves, hogs, meat, milk, cream, butter, chickens and eggs."

Hurst, F.J. Utilizing cut-overs in Mississippi. Better Crops with Plant Food 24(3):16-19, 45-46, illus. March 1940.

"The Coastal Plain area, once covered with virgin forests of stately longleaf yellow pines, which yielded a harvest of gold to a few lumbermen, now promises to become a land of flourishing sugar cane fields, thriving satsuma orange orchards, productive tung oil groves, new pine forests, improved permanent pastures, and profitable livestock enterprises."

It is reported that construction of terraces and production of legumes have saved tung orchards from dying and greatly increased the production of tung nuts.

Pearson, G.A. Forest land use. Jour. Forestry 38(3):261-270. March 1940.

"The fact that forest lands, especially after cutting are commonly adapted to a variety of uses has given rise to widespread practice of multiple use. Multiple use is not a product of studied planning, but rather the outgrowth of no planning. It rarely realizes the highest benefits obtainable from the land. It is best adapted to lands of such low value that priorities are of little consequence. Realization of maximum returns calls for specialized management directed toward making the most of the principal resource and strictly subordinating, though not excluding, minor interests. An effective forestry program would set aside adequate areas for specialized management of timber, water, recreation, wildlife, and range livestock, leaving the residue not needed for special purposes to be handled under multiple use but subject to specialized management whenever conditions demand. One hundred million acres of producing timberland selected with due regard for site quality, species, accessibility, and centers of consumption would, under intensive management, yield ample timber supplies for this country, as far as demands can now be foreseen. Considerably smaller areas would suffice for other specialized activities except possibly city watersheds. Under such a program the nation's timber supply can be greatly improved in quality, and it can be produced at lower cost and with benefit to a greater number of people through employment than if grown less intensively on a much larger acreage."

Schell, H.S. Adjustment problems in South Dakota. Agr. Hist. 14(2): 65-74. April 1940.

"South Dakota is essentially agricultural and will remain so. Fifty-six percent of its population in 1930 resided on farms. It ranks ninth with respect to total area of grade-one land. The maladjustments that exist in the central and western parts can be alleviated. The past has clearly shown that individual efforts alone will not effect the correction and that collective action must be brought into play. A rational long-term program must be formulated, local pressures resisted, and political expediencies avoided. Contradictions in the Federal farm

program must be eliminated. Crop farmers on submarginal lands must not be subsidized as they were under the Agricultural Adjustment Administration. Moreover, there must be a proper coordination between Federal and State agencies. The problem is basically one of conservation - the conservation of human resources. As the farm economy becomes stabilized, societal adjustments will automatically follow."

Scott, K.D. The folks on poor soil. Amer. Agr. 137(7):197-218, illus. Mar. 30, 1940.

The problem of people who live on the poor lands as related to the New York State land classification plan.

Walker, R.H. and Jennings, D.S. Soil survey and land classification in Utah. Utah Farmer 56(15):4, 22, illus. Mar. 10, 1940.

Willman, J.P. Hill country... sheep production. Amer. Agr. 137(9): 255-267, illus. Apr. 27, 1940.

"Should much of our typical hill lands of New York State be allowed to go back to trees or are some of these areas suited to large-scale sheep production? To obtain answers to this and other important questions is the chief object of an experimental sheep farm located in Livingston and Ontario counties, a few miles from Springwater, New York. The farm, known as the Kenwood Sheep Farm, purchased during the fall of 1937 by Kenwood Mills, F.C. Huyck and Sons, Albany, New York, is operated in cooperation with the New York State College of Agriculture. The experiment is to be run for ten years."

Lysimeter Studies

Scholz, H.F. and Stoeckeler, J.H. A lysimeter installation for studying forest influence problems. Jour. Forestry 38(3):256-260, figs. March 1940.

Maps and Mapping

Birdseye, C.H. Stereoscopic phototopographic mapping. Assoc. Amer. Geog. Ann. 30(1):1-24. March 1940.

Discusses the development of various uses of photography in mapping; history of the use of photogrammetry in the United States; application of photogrammetry to planimetric and topographic contour mapping and photogrammetric methods now used by Geological Survey.

Blee, H.H. Third dimension maps. Mil. Engin. 32(183):187-190, figs. May-June 1940.

Thorntwaite, C.W. and Sharpe, C.F.S. Scientific apparatus and laboratory methods. Patterns on maps and drawings by the carbon transfer process. Science 91(2363):367-368, figs. Apr. 12, 1940.

"The preparation for photolithographic reproduction of large numbers of isarithmic maps at the Muskingum Climatic Research Center has led to the development of a simple and inexpensive process for shading them in distinctive patterns of black and white."

This new method is known as the carbon transfer process.

Meetings

Resume of a meeting of the Society of American Foresters held in Columbus, Ohio, under the auspices of the American association for the advancement of science, December 29 and 30, 1939. Jour. Forestry 38(3):223-230. March 1940.

Papers of interest, for which abstracts are given, are as follows: Climatic research and forestry, by C.W. Thornthwaite; A thermoelectric method for following moisture changes of the soil in situ, by Byron Shaw and L.D. Bayer; Influence of soil type and other site factors on the success of tree plantings for erosion control, by W.S. Ligon; The influence of grazing upon certain soil and climatic conditions in farm woodlands, by Robert F. Chandler, jr.; Growth of seedling black locust and green ash in relation to subsoil acidity and fertility, by A.L. McComb and F.J. Kapel; Reconstruction of the hardwood forest soil profile by vegetative covers, by John T. Auten.

Titles and abstracts of papers Chicago, Illinois, 1939, meeting of Association of American Geographers, Assoc. Amer. Geog. Ann. 30(1):44-80. March 1940.

Some phases of land utilization on the Goshen Hole terraces of Nebraska, by C. Lorenzo Dow, pp. 52-53; Some considerations of the role of land use in flood control, by Otto E. Gutho, pp. 56-57.

Meteorology

Zoch, R.T. A brief list of works on meteorology. U.S. Monthly Weather Rev. 68(1):1-4. January 1940.

Persimmons

The Oriental persimmon in the Tennessee Valley. U.S. Tenn. Val. Authority. Dept. Forestry Relat. TVA Forest Log 5(1):8-9. April 1940.
A summary of progress made with studies, prepared by Spencer B. Chase.

Plant Food Content of Crops

Romaine, J.D. When fertilizing consider plant-food content of crops. Better Crops with Plant Food 24(3):6-9, 37-42, illus., table. March 1940.

"References," pp. 41-42.

"The plant foods contained in crops have been investigated more or less systematically by agricultural chemists for many years. Interest in having the results of these investigations compiled for ready reference has increased markedly within the last several years, probably largely due to the agricultural conservation programs of the Government. Under the soil conservation work, crops are designated as soil conserving and soil depleting. The question has come up as to whether the plant-food content of the crops has a bearing on the classification."

Rainfall and Precipitation

Borst, H.L., Woodburn, Russell, and Bayer, L.D. The frequency and seasonal distribution of erosive rains in Ohio. Ohio Agr. Expt. Sta. Bimo. Bul. 25 (202):15-21, tables, figs. January-February 1940.

Davis, F.E. and Pallesen, J.E. Effect of the amount and distribution of rainfall and evaporation during the growing season on yields of corn and spring wheat. Jour.Agr.Res.60(1):1-23, tables, figs. Jan.1, 1940.

"Literature cited," pp.22-23.

Elgar, W.H. Distribution of rainfall within limited area, with special reference to its effect on flow in sewerage and drainage systems. Inst.Munic.& Co.Engin.Jour.66(5):285-294. Aug.15, 1939.

"Determination of variations of rainfall of frequent or fairly frequent occurrence; variations of intensity of precipitation within limited drainage area of sewerage system; relation between distance and area of rain storms; shape of storms; variation of intensity with duration." Civ.Engin.10(2):20. February 1940.

Studies of a near-maximum storm at St.Louis. Civ.Engin.10(4):230-235, figs. April 1940.

Contents: Introduction, by W.W.Horner, p.230; Depth-area relationship for an unusual storm in St.Louis, by Harry Kroeger and Henry I.Stewart, pp.230-233; Probable maximum flood flow from a small watershed, by J.K.Bartlett and T.G.Pfiffner, pp.233-235.

Studies of rainfall intensity. Second of two groups of papers on hydrologic investigations at Washington University. Civ.Engin.10(5):303-306, tables, figs. May 1940.

Contents: Introduction, by W.W.Horner, p.303; Relation of hourly mean rainfall to actual intensities, by E.R.Breihan, pp.303-305; Rainfall intensity study for 1938-39, for Edwardsville, Ill., by H.G.Armistead, jr., pp.305-306.

Range and Pasture Management

Brown, G.F. Factors in pasture management in the northeast. Soil Conserv.5(10):254-255, illus. April 1940.

Clawson, Marion. The administration of federal range lands. Quart. Jour.Econ.53(3):435-453, table. May 1939.

This paper is concerned chiefly with the problems of the western part of the range livestock program.

Kell, W.V. Pasture in relation to cropland. Soil Conserv.5(10):239-242, 258, illus. April 1940.

McCall, Ralph. The digestibility of mature range grasses and range mixtures fed alone and with supplements. Jour.Agr.Res.60(1):39-50, tables. Jan.1, 1940.

"Literature cited," pp.49-50.

Morrish, R.H. Profitable pastures for the Ohio Valley. Soil Conserv.5(10):245-247, 250, illus. April 1940.

Pickford, G.D. Range survey methods in western United States. Imp.Bur. Plant Genet., Herbage Plants. Herbage Rev.8(1):1-12, tables. March 1940.
"Literature," p.12.

Sikes, C.C. Conserving key areas in southwestern range lands. Soil Conserv. 5(11):261-263, 282, illus. May 1940.

Walker, E.D. Better pastures for Illinois. Soil Conserv. 5(10):251-253. April 1940.

Weaver, J.E. and Albertson, F.W. Deterioration of midwestern ranges. Ecology 21(2):216-236, figs. April 1940.
"Literature cited," p. 236.

Reforestation

McQuilkin, W.E. The natural establishment of pine in abandoned fields in the Piedmont Plateau region. Ecology 21(2):135-147, figs., table. April 1940.
"Literature cited," p. 147.

Tondeur, G. Cassia siamea Lam. essence de reboisement (A tree for reforestation work) Belgium. Min. des Colon. Dir. Gen. de l'Agr. Bul. Agr. du Congo Belge 30(2):249-257. June/July 1939.

"Cassia siamea is a valuable nurse species and is of use in soil improvement. It furnishes excellent firewood, and, not being exacting in site requirements, it makes a good tree for native afforestation work. The author outlines the requirements of the species and describes the technique for its propagation by sowing and stump-planting." Forestry Abs. 1(3):161. 1940.

Rodent Control

Cook, A.S. Good riddance of rodents. West. Farm Life 42(8):5, 12, illus. Apr. 15, 1940.

"In sloping range land gophers undermine the soil with intricate systems of burrows that result in serious soil erosion."

The U.S. Forest Service is co-operating with Biological Survey and other land-managing agencies in the work of pest eradication on a country-wide basis. Some plans for control are outlined.

Run-off

Knoblach, H.C. and Haynes, J.L. Run-off under different systems of grass-land management. Soil Conserv. 5(10):256-258, table. April 1940.

Sedimentation and Silt

Krumbein, W.C. Flood gravel of San Gabriel Canyon, California. Geol. Soc. Amer. Bul. 51(5):639-676, illus., figs., tables. May 1, 1940.

"Works to which reference is made," p. 676.

"The present study is an attempt to isolate some of the factors in flood environments which may reflect themselves in the characteristics of the deposited sediments."

Sperling, W. Betrachtungen ueber die geschiebbewegung im fliessenden wasser. Bautechnik 17(47/48):598-601. Nov. 3, 1939.

Review of recent studies on occurrence and forms of silt bedload materials in streams; effect of wave action; forms of shoals.

Seedlings

Day, M.W. The influence of some ground cover types upon tree seedling survival. Mich. Agr. Expt. Sta. Quart. Bul. 22(2):105-109, table, figr. November 1939.

"Literature cited," p. 109.

Results of fertilizing black locust seedlings. U.S. Tenn. Val. Authority. Dept. Forestry Relat. TVA Forest Log 5(1):3. April 1940.

A table summarizes data obtained from experimental plots established in April 1937 by the TVA Department of Forestry Relations.

"Measurements made late in August 1939, after three seasons of growth, showed that the average height of the treated seedlings was almost twice as great as that of the untreated seedlings."

Soil Conservation

Duncan, O.D. A sociological view of soil conservation. Soil Conserv. 5(11):274-277, 284. May 1940.

Sauer, E.L. Economic advantages and limitations of soil conservation on Illinois farms. Soil Conserv. 5(11):269-271, tables. May 1940.

Sparrow, G.N. Soil conservation in tung orchards. Soil Conserv. 5(11):264-268, illus. May 1940.

"Bibliography," p. 268.

Soil Conservation. Study and Teaching

Barton, T.F. Teaching conservation in the high school. Ill. Teacher, November 1939, pp. 71, 94-95.

Capps, F.O. A survey of the conservation information possessed by pupils in Missouri high schools. Sci. Ed. 24(2):78-83, tables. February 1940.

Abstract of doctoral dissertation, University of Missouri, 1939.

Curtis, D.K. Physical geography can develop social understandings. Social Ed. 4(5):342-345. May 1940.

"Bibliography of materials for children," p. 345.

Fink, O.E. Developing the new program of conservation education in Ohio. Ohio Schools 18(1):12-13, 23, illus. January 1940.

Outlines the objectives of the new program of conservation education being developed jointly by the Department of Education and the Division of Conservation of Ohio.

Hanna, Paul and Hand, Harold. Resources and education. Amer. Teacher 24(7):14-18, illus. March 1940.

A discussion of the planning of wise utilization of resources through the medium of teacher education, curriculum design and instructional materials.

Refers to the Commission on Resources and Education and other organizations which are uniting in the movement to accept "the challenge before them to extend the use of planning to wider circles of materials and men".

Program suggested to schools for Tennessee State Conservation Week.
Tenn. Wildlife and Conserv. 4(3):9. March 1940.

Strong, H.M. Science and land use. Sci. Ed. 24(3):149-154. March 1940.

Soil Erosion and Control

Bacteria and fungi in soil help prevent erosion. Sci. News Letter
36(24):383. Dec. 9, 1939.

Brief summary of demonstration in experiments by Drs. Selma A. Waksman and James P. Martin of the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station.

Clough, G. Soil erosion. Mod. Quart. 2(2):136-145. April 1939.
General review of erosion in old and new countries.

A continental hydrology. The technological control of North America's waterways. Technocrat 8(4):7, 20. April 1940.

Presents general specifications for a continental hydrology of North America as technocracy's program for the complete control of erosion, dust and floods and for mass water transportation and power development.

Eargle, D.H. The relations of soils and surface in the South Carolina Piedmont. Science 91(2362):337-338. Apr. 5, 1940.

"Systematic studies of the physiographic factors of soil erosion in the South Carolina Piedmont, carried on for the past three years by the Climatic and Physiographic Division of the Soil Conservation Service, have led to a considerable revision of current ideas concerning the development of soils and have cast new light on the recent geomorphic history of the region."

As a result of studies, "it would seem desirable to emphasize physiography and landforms in the mapping and interpretation of soil types; and conversely, to consider the influence of soil in the development of surface configuration."

Eby, L.K. and Whitfield, C.J. Soil and erosion changes on the Dalhart sand dune area. Amer. Soc. Agron. Jour. 32(4):290-296, figs., table. April 1940.

Mait, Buckley. Soil erosion threatens America's finest vineyards. Farmers Digest 4(1):37-39. May 1940.

Refers to vineyards along the shore of Lake Keuka in western New York.

Musser, R.H. Saving the soil. Six thousand acres situated near Winona, Minnesota, were bleeding to death in a dying valley 6 years ago. Current Hist. 51(8):43-45, 62, illus. April 1940.

Soil improved by glass wool. Patentee claims growth of plants is speeded and soil erosion stopped. N.Y. Times (Sect. 2) p. 8D Mar. 17, 1940

"A new use for glass wool, to prevent soil erosion and speed the growth of plants, is disclosed in a patent (No. 2,192,939) awarded to

James Slayter and John H. Thomas of Newark, Ohio.

"In places where it is difficult to grow grass such as on steep banks, mats of glass wool laid on the soil like a blanket, after it has been loosened and the seeds planted, will prevent water, wind and birds from dispersing the seeds, it is said.

"In addition, it is pointed out that the glass fibers may be made from minerals containing calcium, magnesium, phosphates, sulfides, potassium and other elements which speed the growth of plants. As the glass wool slowly disintegrates the growing plants utilize these elements.

"The patent states that the mats protect the plants from frost and prevent too-early budding.

"The patent is assigned to Owens-Corning Fiber-glass Corporation."
Entire item quoted.

Vershinin, P.V. A method for determining the erodibility of soils by means of an objective nephelometer. Dokl. Akad. S-Kh. Nauk. no. 8, 1938, pp. 46-48.

Article in Russian.

Description of the nephelometer and illustrations.

Soil Erosion and Control. Foreign Countries.

Bosman, G.J. The drought problem. Farming in So. Africa 15(167):46. February 1940.

Some causes and effects of drought in South Africa, particularly devastation and soil erosion.

Bowman, Isaiah. Science and social effects: three failures. Sci. Monthly 50(4):289-298. April 1940.

The author analyzes 3 instances of social failures. One relates to the destruction, "with tragic human consequences, of certain tropical soils".

He says "we have assured profits for the time being to commercial enterprises in the far-flung acreages that now lie devastated and barren. We have equally assured the destruction of the soil. All our other scientific achievements in tropical exploitation will fall if the base is destroyed, and that base is not profits but the land upon which tropical peoples dwell."

"...In the absence of any clear philosophy of control by society of the forces which science has delivered into the hands of this generation, and in the face of the limitations imposed by political management, tropical exploitation bids fair to become a major problem in world recovery following the present war when both production and distribution will make fresh demands upon our wit and our science."

Chand, Khem. Counter-erosion and reclamation scheme in Gujrat district [India] Indian Forester 66(1):30-37. January 1940.

Egler, F.E. Vegetation zones of Oahu, Hawaii. Empire Forestry Jour. 18(1):44-57. 1939.

"The survey has been made to facilitate comparison of vegetation types in tropical areas by investigators of the various aspects of

vegetation management including the conservation of soil, water and forage. Imp. Bur. Pastures and Forage Crops. Herbage Abs. 9(4):338. December 1939.

Hubback, Theodore. Grave menace of soil erosion in Malaya. Serious effects of deforestation of the river banks. Further neglect will mean large areas ruined by floods. Planter 20(11):550-552. November 1939.

Kelly, C.R. Water erosion. Jour. Dept. Agr. So. Aust. 43(6):451-457, figs. January 1940.
Water erosion in New South Wales, its causes, effects and cure, so far as this is known.

Lowdermilk, W.C. Erosion-control lessons from Old-World experience. VI. Field boundaries in rural England. Soil Conserv. 5(11):280-281, 284, illus. May 1940.

McNeill, W.M. Land planning in Ceylon with special reference to the selection and reservation of forest areas. Empire Forestry Jour. 18(1):65-76, diagrs. 1939.

"In 1929 the Government of Ceylon introduced important changes in the system of Land Administration embodying the principle of planning in advance the uses to which Crown land should be put. This new system, known locally as 'Mapping-out', has passed the experimental stage. It involves various steps such as survey, settlement and planning. The Forest Department is intimately concerned in the procedure employed, and Forest Reservation plays an important part in the general scheme. The general principles involved in the system are applicable to other countries. The recently introduced procedure with regard to land planning is a great improvement upon the previous more or less haphazard methods followed. The present methods are described and the results examined."

Passarge, S. Geomorphologische probleme aus Algerien (Geomorphological problem in Algiers). Jour. Geomorph. 3(2):108-130. April 1940.

Article in German.

English abstract of Parts I and II, pp. 129-130.

"Many different aspects of the geomorphological investigation in Algiers are considered first from the viewpoint of present day forms and the forces responsible for them. Emphasis is placed upon explaining the denudational forces, and upon the manner in which they affect the several physiographic zones or provinces of Algiers.

"The coastal province affords ample material for discussion of factors involved in formation of denudational land features. Variations of climate, rainfall, and lithology of the country rocks are scrutinized. Sheet erosion is presented as a particularly effective process in areas of exposed calcareous rocks.

"...It is interesting to note that wind appears to be only a minor agent of erosion in this zone, while man's destructive deforestation is given as a major cause of the extensive denudation.

"The discussion of the Sahara, third and last of the physiographic provinces, is rather short. The author explains that the geomorphic features of this region are so typical of the general desert cycle

of erosion as to merit little detailed attention at this time. Some comparisons are drawn, however, with the desert areas of Egypt."

Stamp, L.D. The southern margin of the Sahara; comments on some recent studies on the question of desiccation in West Africa. Geog. Rev. 30(2):297-300. April 1940.

"There now seems little doubt that the problem before West Africa is not the special one of Saharan encroachment but the universal one of man-induced soil erosion, which necessitates remedial measures comparable with those being adopted in other parts of the world but with special modifications in view of the local agricultural system of bush fallowing and burning."

Vogt, William. Un peligro futuro para el Peru. (A future menace for Peru) Co. Administrador del Guano Bol. 15(12):471-479, 481, illus. December 1939.

In Spanish.

Calls attention to a grave danger, namely, soil erosion, which is a menace to Peruvian agriculture.

Wheeler, T.L. Sam Higginbottom farmer of India. Farmers Guide 96(7): 159, illus. Apr. 6, 1940.

Tells of the work of Dr. Sam Higginbottom in teaching proper farming methods to the natives of India.

"Small dams, deep plowing to prevent rains from washing off the top soil, and careful selection of seed were his principal methods."

From his efforts has resulted the Allahabad Agricultural Institute.

Soil Studies

Huberty, M.R. and Haas, A.R.C. pH of soils in relation to moisture. Calif. Citrog. 25(1):6, 26-29, figs., tables. November 1939.

"Resume of a talk given before the Lemon Men's Club, Los Angeles, June 7, 1939. A more detailed account of the investigation has been prepared for publication in Soil Science."

Jones, W.N. Some biological aspects of soil fertility. Nature, London, 145(3672):411-412. Mar. 16, 1940.

"It is proposed here to do no more than indicate the nature of the biological test methods employed which have served to establish the existence of soil toxins of biological origin. Experimental details must be sought in the papers to be published shortly."

Leamer, R.W. and Lutz, J.F. Determination of pore-size distribution in soils. Soil Sci. 49(5):347-360, figs. May 1940.

"References," p. 360.

"A method has been developed whereby the size distribution of the pores in the soil may be measured by applying tensions equal to the capillary tensional forces developed in the soil. The tensions were automatically controlled at any given value, and the amount of water removed from the soil was measured in a burette.

"The capillary pull may be counteracted by reducing the pressure on the free water surface. When this pressure is so reduced that the tension on the free water surface equals that of the capillary

tension of the water in the soil, there will be no movement of water. If the tension on the free water surface is greater than that exerted by the water in the soil, there will be a movement of water from the soil to the free water.

"All calculations are based on the capillary-rise formula. This is possible because the water in the soil is subject to the same surface tensional forces which are active in capillary tubes. According to the second law of thermodynamics, when equilibrium exists in the soil, the water in the pores must have the same curvature as it would have in a capillary tube of the same diameter."

"Permeability studies show that percolation and aeration in soils are dependent upon the size rather than the amount of pore space, and that not all soils, even those of the same mechanical composition, apparently have the same sized pores.

"The optimum size distribution of pores is not known, but it is believed that this method will throw much light on the problem of soil permeability and structure.

"The following conclusions may be drawn from the results:

"There is no relationship between the total porosity and the effective pore space.

"There is a direct relationship between effective pore space and permeability.

"Further studies should make it possible to determine whether certain crops such as tobacco are adapted to specific soils, and, if drainage is necessary, what type and what spacing are required."

Peele, T.C. Microbial activity in relation to soil aggregation.
Amer. Soc. Agron. Jour. 32(3):204-212, tables, figs. March 1940.
"Literature cited," p. 212.

Penman, F. Soil changes under irrigated pasture tests at Werribee
Victoria, Australia. Jour. Agr. Victoria, 38(pt. 2):83-100, illus.,
figs., tables. February 1940.
"References," p. 99.

Puri, A.N., Asghar, A.G., and Dua, A.N. Physical characteristics of
soils: VI. Influence of clay, exchangeable bases, and hygroscopic
moisture on soil cohesion. Soil Sci. 49(3):239-249, figs., tables.
March 1940.
"References," p. 248-249.

Russell, E.W. and Tamhane, R.V. The determination of the size distri-
bution of soil clods and crumbs. Jour. Agr. Sci. England, 30(Part 2):
210-234, tables. April 1940.
"References," p. 234.

Russell, M.B. Relation between the free energy of soil water and the
moisture content of the soil. Iowa State Col. Jour. Sci. 14(1):76-
77. October 1939.
Abstract of doctoral thesis, Iowa State College.

Salter, R.M. Some soil factors affecting tree growth. Science 91(2365):
391-398. Apr. 26, 1940.
"Address of the retiring vice-president and chairman of the Section

on Agriculture, American Association for the Advancement of Science, Columbus, Ohio, December 30, 1939."

Summary: "(1) It becomes increasingly evident that continued root growth with the establishment of new root-soil contacts is necessary for the normal entrance of both water and mineral nutrients into the root. This concept emphasizes the ecological importance of factors tending either to impede or favor the spread and permeation of roots in the soil.

"(2) The characteristics of soils with respect to (1) available water capacity, (2) permeability to water and (3) permeability to air are largely determined by the volume and size distribution of the soil pore space. The latter is conveniently characterized by measuring the water held by a soil at varying moisture tensions.

"(3) In recognition of the foregoing, it may be concluded that a better understanding of root-soil relationships should result from more general application of interpretative studies of soil pore conditions to root development, and from the development and application of micro-methods for studying the conditions, both physical and chemical, existing at the actual root soil interface."

Stream Flow

Barnes, B.S. Problems of stream-flow forecasting on tributaries of the Upper Mississippi. Amer. Met. Soc. Bul. 21(3):95-100. March 1940.

"References," p. 100.

Curtis, E.H. and Cox, H.E. Electric sounding reel for stream flow measurement. Ohio State Univ. Engin. Expt. Sta. News 11(5):15-16, illus. December 1939.

Dalrymple, Tate. Stream flow in Ohio for 1939. Ohio State Univ. Engin. Expt. Sta. News 12(2):28-30, tables. April 1940.

Terracing

Zingg, A.W. An analysis of degree and length of slope data as applied to terracing. Agr. Engin. 21(3):99-101, figs., table. March 1940.

Tree Rings

Schulman, Edmund. A bibliography of tree-ring analysis. Tree-Ring Bul. 6(4):27-39. April 1940.

"The present bibliography is with a few exceptions limited to papers dealing in whole or part with the analysis of tree-rings in relation to climatic and archaeological studies."

Woakly, H.E. Tree-rings as a record of precipitation in western Nebraska. Tree-Ring Bul. 6(3):18-19. January 1940.

A brief digest of a report now in preparation covering a five year study.

Vegetation

Harrington, H.D. Keys to the woody plants of Iowa in vegetative condition. Iowa Univ. Studies in Nat. Hist. 17(9):375-489, illus. February 1940.

Smith, A.D. A discussion of the application of a climatological diagram, the hythergraph, to the distribution of natural vegetation types. Ecology 21(2):184-191, figs. April 1940.
"Literature cited," pp. 190-191.

Water

Sherman, L.K. Water supply on Upper Salt River, Arizona. Amer. Soc. Civ. Engin. Proc. 66(4):777-778. April 1940.
Discussion of paper by John Girand appearing in December, 1939, Proceedings.

Theis, C.V. The source of water derived from wells. Essential factors controlling the response of an aquifer to development. Civ. Engin. 10(5):277-280, figs. May 1940.

Wiel, S.C., Forbes, Hyde, and Harris, R.B. Analysis of legal concepts of subflow and percolating waters. Amer. Soc. Civ. Engin. Proc. 66(4):779-792. April 1940.
Discussion of paper by C.F. Tolman and A.C. Stipp appearing in December, 1939, Proceedings.

Wood, D.M. Water supply on Upper Salt River, Arizona. Amer. Soc. Civ. Engin. Proc. 66(3):553-556, fig. March 1940.
Discussion of paper by John Girand in December, 1939, issue.

Wildlife Conservation

Allen, D.L. Dirt farming for wildlife, in Michigan. Mich. Conserv. 9(3):5, 11, illus. December 1939.

Cost of burning fence rows figured at third of million for the state of Indiana. This figure is based on loss of posts and poles and leaves insect-eating birds out of consideration. Outdoor Ind. 7(2):4, illus. March 1940.

Dambach, C.A. and Good, E.E. The effect of certain land use practices on populations of breeding birds in southwestern Ohio. Jour. Wildlife Mgmt. 4(1):63-76, illus. January 1940.
"Literature cited," p. 76.

Ligon, Rose. Bringing back our upland game birds. Soil conservation program giving impetus to restoration of wildlife. Cattleman 26(10):17, 19, illus. March 1940.

Morton, J.N. The Pennsylvania game food plot mixture. Pa. Game News 10(12):3, 27, illus. March 1940.
Information regarding the mixture made up for 1940 planting as a

result of several years of experience by the Pennsylvania Game Commission in planting plots to game food on lands under its control.

Morton, J.N. Planting food and cover. Pa. Game News 11(1):15, 31, illus. April 1940.

New Virginia soil conservation districts provide for managing farm game. Va. Wildlife 3(3):1, 7. November 1939.

Spot plantings on Indiana state properties show what is best food and cover. Experiments with many grains show rye alone is one of best with good mixtures for North and South. Outdoor Ind. 7(2):13, illus. March 1940.

Woodbury, A.M. Management of aquatic wildlife in the Great Basin. Sci. Monthly 50(4):307-322, illus. April 1940.

Yoager, L.E. and Tehon, L.R. Experiments with plant hormones in the propagation of wildlife food and cover. Jour. Wildlife Mgmt. 4(1): 1-7, tables. January 1940.
"Literature cited," p. 7.

Wind Erosion Control

Eddy, Don. Up from the dust. Amer. Mag. 129(4):54-55, 89-92, illus. April 1940.

"Defying black blizzards of destruction and death, 300,000 courageous men and women are winning the war of the Great Plains, plowing new farms from the desert...A stirring story of American fortitude."

Refers to the origin and importance of the damming lister and the homemade elevator grader used in terracing.

Lusk, R.D. Sorghums settle the dust. Country Gent. 110(5):16, 45, illus. May 1940.

South Dakota has built a new agriculture around the sorghums.

Martin, R.J. Duststorms of 1939 in the United States. U.S. Monthly Weather Rev. 67(12):446-451, map. December 1939.

Melton, F.A. A tentative classification of sand dunes, its application to dune history in the southern High Plains. Jour. Geol. 48(2):113-174, figs. February-March 1940.

"This paper is divided into two parts. Part I is a system of classification of dunes and comprises the bulk of the study. Part II is a historical paleoclimatic study in which aerial maps are extensively used."

The study was begun in 1928 and continued in 1936 and 1937 with the help of the Section of Climatic and Physiographic Research of the Soil Conservation Service.

Timmons, F.L. and Wenger, L.E. Jack rabbits and cactus team up. Present serious problem in 30 counties of Kansas. Kans. Farmer 77(8):5, 22, illus. Apr. 20, 1940.

"A few individuals have voiced the opinion that, under certain

conditions, pricklypear may be of value in controlling wind erosion and protecting the few grass plants that do remain from grazing. This argument may merit consideration in the extreme Southwest part of the state where the loss of grass stands and trouble from blowing has been the most severe."

Vearling, J.F. Wind erosion control in Texas. Pub. Works 71(3):36, 38. March 1940.

Describes back-sloping, mulching and seeding experiments to control wind erosion along highway U.S. 60 in Texas. "There seems to be little doubt that the described procedure... is practical."

Wind erosion check. Capper's Farmer 51(4):37. April 1940.

"Grasshoppers thinned a stand of oats on land managed by L.A. Drucker in Shannon county, South Dakota, and wind was drifting the soil. Drucker seeded 6 pounds of cane seed on thinned spots with a lister-type deep-furrow drill. By the time cane was a foot tall it had checked the wind. It made a fair crop of feed. This drill has proved the best implement ever used in that area for seeding small grain on land easily blown."

Entire article quoted.

BOOK AND PAMPHLET NOTES AND ABSTRACTS

Alfani, Augusto. La difesa del suolo negli Stati Uniti di America (The defense of the soil in the United States) 344pp., illus. Firenze, R. Istituto agronomico per l'Africa Italiana, 1939. 56.7 A12D

In Italian: English summary, pp. 285-286.

"Bibliografia Generale", pp. 297-331.

This is a book on soil conservation in the United States written for the benefit of the Italian people.

Colorado state planning commission. Water conservation board. Water resources of Colorado, Appendix 3, volume II, Appendix 4, volumes I-III. 4 nos., mimeogr. Denver, August, September 1939. 280.7 C71

Contents: Appendix 3, vol. II, Stream flow data of Colorado; Appendix 4, vols. I-III, Canal diversion data of Colorado.

Fairbairn, W.A. Ecological succession due to biotic factors in northern Kano and Katsina provinces of northern Nigeria. Imp. Forestry Inst. Inst. Paper 22. 32pp., illus. Oxford, 1939. 99.9 OX23 no. 22

The author "gives us some much-needed information on the ecological movements which are taking place in the far north of Northern Nigeria, on the borders of French territory. These changes, he finds, are chiefly retrogressional, and point to the imperative need for developing a wise agricultural and forest reservation policy and an intelligent and proper use of the land, in order that further retrogression may be prevented or at least checked."

Graham, N.E. A course in soil conservation (agriculture XI-x) 4 parts, mimeogr. Lincoln, Nebr., University of Nebraska, Teachers college and extension division c1938.

Available for loan from SCS Region Library, Lincoln, Nebr.

Imperial bureau of pastures and forage crops. Grassland investigations in Australia. Imp.Bur.Pastures and Forage Crops.Herbage Pub.Ser.Bul. 29. 107pp.,illus. Aberystwyth,Great Britain,January 1940.

64.8 Im7 no.29

Abstracts of recent publications on grassland in Australia,pp.70-103.

Iowa agricultural experiment station. How to estimate the economic effects of soil conservation and farm reorganization on the individual farm,by Arthur C.Bunce and Vere R.Swoyer. Issued in cooperation with the Bureau of agricultural economics and Soil conservation service, Research division,U.S.Department of agriculture. 40,xviii numb.1., mimeogr. [n.p.,n.d.] 281.12 B88H

Johnson,T.S.and Mann,C.L.,jr. Discharge records of North Carolina streams 1889-1936. N.C.Dept.Conserv.and Devlpmt.Bul.39. 224pp., tables. [Raleigh,1938?] 406 N81B no.39

Prepared in Water resources and engineering division.

Kansas state board of agriculture. Thirty-first biennial report... 514pp.,illus. Topeka,1938. 2 K13R v.36,1937-38

Partial contents:Land use planning in western Kansas,by Morris Evans,pp.36-38;A soil conservation program for Kansas,by R.I.Throckmorton, pp.39-53;Farm forestry in Kansas,by T.R.Reitz,pp.57-64.

Kansas state board of agriculture.Division of water resources. Cost of pumping for irrigation. Kans.State Bd.Agr.Rpt.58(234):1-55,illus. Topeka,W.C.Austin,state printer,1939. 2 K13Re v.58,no.234

Kharkov. Nauchno-issledovatel'skaia gidrotekhnicheskaiia laboratoriia Iuzhspetsstroia. O fil'tratsii vody v gruntakh;sbornik nauchnykh rabot. 68pp.,illus. Kharkov,1938. 56.43 K52

In Russian.

The filtration of water in the soil.

Lange,Dorothea and Taylor,P.S. An American exodus;a record of human erosion. 158pp.,illus. New York,Reynal & Hitchcock[cl939] 283L26

"Now our people are leaving the soil again.They are being expelled by powerful forces of man and of nature...This contemporary exodus is our theme."

Using the camera as a tool of research,the authors show what is happening in the Old South,Midcontinent Plains,Dust Bowl and Last West.

Manghan,Sydney. Earth's green mantle;plant science for the general reader. 322pp.,illus. New York, The Macmillan company,1939. 463 M312
A comprehensive account of the plant covering of the earth and its significance to human affairs.

Brief mention is made of erosion control through vegetation and a few SCS illustrations are included.

Minnesota resources commission. The problems of Minnesota's water resources... 8pp.,processed. St.Paul,January 1940. 292 M663

This statement of the problems which need adjustment is offered to stimulate discussion by farm organizations,conservation groups,etc..

Moore, E.B. Forest management in New Jersey. 54pp., illus. Trenton, N.J. Department of conservation and development, Division of forests and parks, 1939. 99.55 M82

National fertilizer association. American fertilizer practices (second survey). A report relating to the use of commercial plant food presenting information obtained by a survey among 32,000 farmers in 35 states, by H.R. Smalley, Robert H. Engle, Herbert Willett. 128pp., illus. Washington, D.C., 1939. 57.9 N21A 2d

Nelson, J.R. Writing the technical report. 373pp., illus. New York and London, McGraw-Hill book company, inc., 1940. 238 N33

"The book consists of four parts. The first presents a review of those fundamental considerations which bear on the design and composition of the report. The second gives specific directions for the setup of the report, with several illustrative reports, both of the long and the short form, and a few memoranda, annotated for study. The third outlines a systematic procedure for the critical examination of a report, illustrated by a few clinical studies of typical cases. The last part suggests a series of assignments for those who may wish to use the book as a textbook for classroom study..." Preface

Northern great plains advisory council. Report of meeting, held at Laramie, Wyoming, April 24-26, 1939. 12 numb. 1., mimeogr. [n.p., 1939?] 4 N817 1939

Appended is U.S.D.A. research in northern great plains, Billings, Montana, December 29-30, 1938; also Resolutions... passed by Northern great plains advisory council, April 26, 1939.

Oklahoma academy of science. Proceedings, volume XIX. 169pp., illus. Guthrie, Okla., Cooperative publishing company, 1939. 500 Ok42 v.19, 1939

Partial contents: Wildlife and roadside-erosion in central Oklahoma, by C.C. Smith, pp. 31-35; Observations on the effects of erosion on the ecology and maintenance of an artificial lake in Logan county, Oklahoma, by R.W. Jones, pp. 37-38; A report of the effect of overgrazing on the Acrididae, pp. 83-85; The effect of overgrazing on insect populations, by A.O. Weese, pp. 95-99; Stream erosion in western China, by C.L. Foster, pp. 119-120; The place of conservation in the curriculum (abstract), by E.O. Keso, pp. 159

Regional agricultural council for the Southern great plains states. Report of the twenty-third conference... Amarillo, Texas, January 18 and 19, 1940. v.p., mimeogr. [n.p., 1940. 282.9 R26 23d, Jan. 1940

Discussions covered water utilization policies, drought program, SCS-AAA extension cooperation for conservation purposes; Functioning of the Soil conservation service program, by H.H. Finnell; Relationships of the Soil conservation service with other federal, state and local agencies, by J.P. Campbell; The cooperative farm forestry program under the provisions of the Norris-Doxey act, by G.R. Phillips.

Robertson, W.M. Some simple management methods applied to farmers' woodlots. Canada. Forest Serv. Silv. Res. Note 59. 22 numb. 1., mimeogr. Ottawa, 1939. 99.9 C16Re no. 59

Swabey, C. Forestry and erosion in Haiti and Puerto Rico. Jamaica.
Dept. Sci. & Agr. Bul. n.s. 21. 10pp., illus. Kingston, Printed by the
govt. printer, 1939. 8 J227B n.s. no. 21

Walter, D. H. A preliminary economic appraisal of the soil conservation
program in the Little Antietam creek watershed, Franklin co., Pa.
27 numb. 1., mimeogr. [State College, Pa.] December 1939. 281.073 W17
Issued by Pennsylvania agricultural experiment station, Department of
agricultural economics, in cooperation with United States Department of
agriculture, Soil conservation service and Bureau of agricultural
economics.

Washington state planning council. Water resources...miscellaneous
stream-flow measurements. Data from State department of conservation
and development, Division of hydraulics and United States Geological
survey district office, Tacoma, Washington. v.p., mimeogr. Olympia,
June 1937. 280.7 W27W

"While compiling a bibliography of publications dealing with the
water resources of the state, the results of numerous stream-flow
measurements, taken at various times and places, other than at regular
gaging stations, were discovered in federal and state publications, and
in the files of the Division of Hydraulics, State department of con-
servation and development. No place could be found for these so-called
miscellaneous measurements in the bibliography without adding to the
size and complexity of the volume. The results of thousands of these
measurements, heretofore difficult to consult are presented in an
orderly arrangement and with an alphabetical index to facilitate ready
reference.

"Approximately 2,500 streams are covered."

STATE EXPERIMENT STATION AND EXTENSION PUBLICATIONS

Arkansas

Baker, J. A. and McNeely, J. G. Land tenure in Arkansas. I. The farm
tenancy situation. Ark. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 384. 62pp. Fayetteville,
1940. 100 Ar42 no. 384

Discusses extent and growth, economic and social characteristics
and methods of improvement.

Colorado

Brown, L. A. and Langley, M. N. Color photography in soil studies. Colo.
Agr. Expt. Sta. Tech. Bul. 26. 7pp., illus. Fort Collins, August 1939.
100 C71S1tj no. 26

Florida

Neller, J. R. and Daane, A. Yield and composition of everglades grass
crops in relation to fertilizer treatment. Fla. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 338.
30pp., illus. Gainesville, October 1939. 100 F66M1bj no. 338

Warner, J.D. Lupine, a seed-producing winter legume. Fla. Agr. Expt. Sta. Press Bul. 541. 1p. Gainesville, November 1939. 100 F66S no. 541

"Because of its habit of growth blue lupine offers very little protection against soil erosion during the fall and winter months. However, from late winter until early May when the plants are mature the dense foliage is very effective in checking the force of beating rains, thereby reducing the amount of run-off water and consequent movement of the soil."

Georgia

Hendrix, W.E. A study of farming in the Sandy creek soil conservation area, with special reference to erosion control. Ga. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 203. 42pp., tables. Experiment, November 1939. 100 G29S [b]no. 203

Hawaii

Ripperton, J.C., Hosaka, E.Y. and Gantt, P.A. A few legumes found on Hawaiian ranges. Hawaii Univ. Agr. Ext. Serv. Cir. 10. 11 numb. 1., illus., mimeogr. Honolulu, September 1939. 275.29 H312Ac no. 10

Kansas

Smith, L.F. Windbreaks for Kansas farmsteads. Kans. Agr. Col. Ext. Cir. 140. 32pp., illus. Manhattan, February 1940. 275.27 K12Ex no. 140

Louisiana

Reed, J.F. and Sturgis, M.B. Chemical characteristics of the soils of the rice area of Louisiana. La. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 307. 31pp., illus. University, March 1939. 100 L93 [b]no. 307

"The work reported herein is concerned with the inherent chemical nature of the soils and the chemical and physical changes that take place as a result of irrigation practices."

Michigan

Bouyoucos, G.J. and Mick, A.H. An electrical resistance method for the continuous measurement of soil moisture under field conditions. Mich. Agr. Expt. Sta. Tech. Bul. 172. 38pp., illus. East Lansing, April 1940. 100 M58S no. 172

Montana

Anderson, I.V. The farm woodlot; a source of permanent income if handled wisely. Mont. Univ. Bul. 367. 15pp., illus. Missoula, June 1939. 99.5- An2

"Literature cited," p. 15.

Contribution from Montana forest and conservation experiment station.

Clawson, Marion, Saunderson, M.H. and Johnson, N.W. Farm adjustments in Montana. Study of area IV, its past, present, and future. Mont. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 377. 66pp., illus. Bozeman, January 1940. 100 M76 no. 377

"This bulletin is intended to aid those interested in adjusting

agriculture in area IV to secure a more efficient use of the resources of the area and to improve the standards of living of the people."

Hansmeier, M.P., et al. Soil drifting on cropland in the plains area of Montana with soils, insects and land use supplements. Mont. Agr. Col. Ext. Bul. 176. 48pp., illus. Bozeman, 1939. 275.29 M76C no. 176

Monson, O.W. Small reservoirs for stock water and irrigation. Mont. Agr. Expt. Sta. Cir. 154. 33pp., illus. Bozeman, September 1939. 100 M76[c] no. 154

Replaces Bulletin 301 entitled Conservation of water by means of storage reservoirs, diversion dams, contour dikes and ditches, by O.W. Monson, issued May 1935.

Reitz, L.P. and Morris, H.E. Important grasses and other common plants on Montana ranges; description, distribution and relative value. Mont. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 375. 35pp., illus. Bozeman, November 1939. 100 M76[b] no. 375

Nebraska

Frolik, A.L. and Shepherd, W.O. Vegetative composition and grazing capacity of a typical area of Nebraska sandhill range land. Nebr. Agr. Expt. Sta. Res. Bul. 117. 39pp., illus. Lincoln, March 1940. 100 N27 no. 117
"Literature cited," p. 39.

New Hampshire

MacLeod, Alan and Chandler, John. The marketing of farm woodland products in Carroll county, New Hampshire. N.H. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 318. 31pp., illus. Durham, December 1939. 100 N45 no. 318

New Mexico

Cockerill, P.W., Hunter, Byron and Pingrey, H.B. Type of farming and ranching areas in New Mexico. Part II. N.Mex. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 267. 134pp., illus. State College, December 1939. 100 N465 no. 267

New York

Polson, R.A. How to plan discussion programs. N.Y. Cornell Agr. Col. Ext. Bul. 419. 8pp., illus. Ithaca, September 1939. 275.29 N48E no. 419

Woodin, M.D. An economic study of land utilization in Yates county, New York. N.Y. Cornell Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 727. 52pp., illus. Ithaca, January 1940. 100 N48C[b] no. 727

Oklahoma

People, Carl. Abstracts of articles pertaining to pasture work in Oklahoma. Okla. Agr. Expt. Sta. Mimeogr. Cir. 14. 12 pp., mimeogr. Stillwater, July 1938. 100 Ok4M no. 14

Oregon

Powers, W.L., Jones, J.S. and Ruzek, C.V. Composition, rating, and conservation of Willamette valley soils. Oreg. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 365. 38pp., illus. Corvallis, July 1939. 100 Or3[b]no.365
"References," pp. 37-38.

Rhode Island

Rhode Island agricultural experiment station. Wildlife food strip planting. R.I. Agr. Expt. Sta. Misc. Pub. 2. 3 numb. 1., mimeogr. Kingston, February 1939. 100 R34M no. 2
Directions for planting of food patches for wildlife based upon results obtained on the land owned by the Cranston Rod and Gun Club during 1938 and on published suggestions from other states.

Tennessee

Neel, L.R. The effect of shade on pasture. Tenn. Agr. Expt. Sta. Cir. 65. 2pp., illus. Knoxville, December 1939. 100 T25A[c]no. 65
Reports results of experiment "to answer the question whether pasture is helped or injured by the shade of such trees as black walnut and black locust."

Utah

Stoddart, L.A. Range resources of Rich county, Utah. Utah Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 291. 30pp., illus. Logan, March 1940. 100 Utl no. 291
Literature cited, p. 30

[Utah agricultural college. Extension service.] Utah's county planning reports 1938. Utah Agr. Col. Ext. Serv. M.S. 983. v.p., mimeogr. [n.p., n.d.] 275.29 UtlMs no. 983

"Herewith is printed an assemblage and summary of the reports of the county planning committees in 26 counties of the State... The planning objective was first to make as nearly a complete inventory as possible of the county's resources - this to include: (1) land, (2) various crops grown on the lands, (3) water supply, (4) economic use and application of water, (5) adequacy of homes and living conditions, (6) health and its relation to medical services, (7) relationship to range land and the best procedure to receive the largest benefit from the range."

U. S. GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS

Agriculture Department

Allin, B.W. The county planning project - a cooperative approach to agricultural planning; address, annual meeting, American farm economic association, Philadelphia, December 28, 1939. 19pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C.; U.S. Bureau of agricultural economics, 1939. 1.941 P2C83

- Hendricks, B.A. Graded trails as an aid in the distribution of cattle on rough ranges. U.S. Forest and Range Expt. Sta. Southwest Res. Notes 67. 8pp., illus., mimeogr. [Tucson, November 1939. 1.9 F7621R no. 67 Erosion control, pp. 6, 8.
- Hursh, C.R. Roadbank stabilization at low cost; a progress report. U.S. Forest Expt. Sta., Appalachian Tech. Note 38. 20pp., processed. Asheville, N.C., Dec. 15, 1939. 1.9 F7623T no. 38
- Rowe, P.B. The construction, operation, and use of the North Fork infiltrometer. U.S. Forest and Range Expt. Sta., Calif., Berkeley, Calif. Misc. Pub. 1. 64pp., illus. [Oakland, February 1940. 1 F7626M no. 1 "Selected references," p. 45.
Describes a portable apparatus developed primarily to determine the infiltration capacity of soils by sampling methods.
- U.S. Agricultural adjustment administration. The seed trade's interest in conservation; address by R.M. Evans... before the American seed trade association meeting at Chicago, Ill., January 15, 1940. 10 numb. 1., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., 1940. 1.42 Ad4Ev
- U.S. Agricultural adjustment administration. Western grass. U.S. Agr. Adjust. Admin. G-98. 14pp., illus. [Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., 1940] 1.4 Ad4Ge
- U.S. Bureau of agricultural economics. Analysis of the present program of research in the economics of soil conservation and suggestions for its improvement, by Neil W. Johnson... 75pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., March 1940. 1.941 L6An1
- U.S. Bureau of agricultural economics. Inventory of reports and research studies completed and in progress, relating to adjustments of population to resources in the northern Great Plains states, by Neil W. Johnson... and Orval E. Goodsell... 86pp., illus., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., January 1940. 1.941 F3In8
- U.S. Bureau of agricultural economics. Probable effects of the agricultural conservation program on livestock production in the midwest dairy region. Part I. A summary of the studies of selected areas, by Sherman E. Johnson, Ronald L. Mighell, and Frank T. Hady. 24pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., January 1940. 1.941 L6P94
- U.S. Dept. of agriculture. Chronological list of laws in force which authorize the Department of agriculture or certain of its agencies to engage in work affecting the use, protection, regulation, or development of surface and underground waters. 22pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., Jan. 11, 1940. 1.9 Ag84Flm
Issued as Memorandum no. 3-A to field flood control committees.
- U.S. Dept. of agriculture. Inter-bureau coordinating committee on a rural conservation works program. Conserving both human and natural resources by utilization of the unoccupied time of needy rural people in conservation of the physical resources upon which they must depend in the future. Report... 42 numb. 1., illus., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., Dec. 29, 1939. 1.90 C2In8C
Table II, p. 19 - Estimated costs and man-days for needed soil and

water conservation work by states.

U.S. Farm credit administration. Soils manual for the first farm credit district with crop requirements supplement. 445pp., mimeogr. [Washington, D.C.?, Je. 30, 1939. 166.3 So3

This manual, prepared under the direction of G.W. Patteson of the Appraisal subdivision, is designed to assist the appraiser in understanding the physical factors entering into land values - the soil, the climate, and the crop. Maps are presented to show the distribution of soil-forming materials, climatic conditions and natural vegetation in the First Farm Credit District (New York, New Jersey, Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Vermont, Connecticut and Rhode Island.)

There is a glossary of terms used in soils literature and a list of references is added for the appraiser who may desire to make a further study of any particular crop.

U.S. Forest and range experiment station, Southwestern, Research notes. 5 nos., mimeogr. Tuscon, Ariz., June-December 1939. 1.9 F7621R

Contents: no. 60. Analysis of a 36-year record of precipitation at Cloudcroft, New Mexico, by Hermann Krauch; no. 61. Comparison of the effect of various kinds of artificial litter upon the germination of grass seeds, by G.E. Glendening; no. 71. The use of brush mats in road-erosion control, by B.A. Hendricks; no. 78. The use of cotton netting in revegetation of road-fill slopes, by B.A. Hendricks; no. 79. Soil-protection value of cacti, by B.A. Hendricks.

U.S. Forest service. Forest taxation inquiry. State forest tax law digest of 1939, by Louis S. Murphy. 52pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., Oct. 1, 1939. 1.962 F4St2

U.S. Office of land use coordination. A report of tree planting as a part of the agricultural program in the northern great plains submitted by E.A. Starch... 20pp., mimeogr. [Washington, D.C., 1939?] 1.915 A2R29

SOIL SURVEYS

Iowa. Soil survey. Cerro Gordo county. Series 1935, no. 13. January 1940.

New York. Soil survey. Otsego county. Series 1934, no. 17. February 1940.

Ohio. Soil survey. Scioto county. Series 1933, no. 31. February 1940.

Virginia. Soil survey. Albemarle county. Series 1935, no. 14. March 1940.

Soil Conservation Service

Bailey, R.Y. Kudzu for erosion control in the southeast. U.S. Dept. Agr. Farmers' Bul. 1840. 32pp., illus. Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., December 1939. 1 Ag84F no. 1840.

- Bennett, H.H. America at war with erosion; an address... delivered before the meeting of the Wisconsin Farm and Home week, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin, January 31, 1940. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-C-6. 13 numb. 1., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., 1940. 1.96 Ad6Cop no. 6
- Bennett, H.H. Permanent systems of farming; an address... delivered before the thirteenth annual meeting of the Texas agricultural workers' association at Dallas, Texas, January 12, 1940. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-C-2. 9 numb. 1., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., 1940. 1.96 Ad6Cop no. 2
A portion of the address refers to soil conservation in Texas.
- Bennett, H.H. Proper land use and a balanced agriculture; an address delivered... before the Association of southern agricultural workers, Birmingham, Alabama, February 7, 1940. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-C-5. 11 numb. 1., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., 1940. 1.96 Ad6Cop no. 5
- Campbell, J.P. Relationships of the Soil conservation service with other federal, state, and local agencies; a statement presented to the Southern plains conference, January 18, 1940. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-C-3. 8 numb. 1., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., 1940. 1.96 Ad6Cop no. 3
- Cook, W.L. The effect of sod waterways on soil losses. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Ohio Val. Reg. Reg. Cir. 183. 2pp., mimeogr. Dayton, Ohio, Mar. 14, 1940. 1.9603 R26
An analysis of data from 1939 strip cropping studies on the Wooster, Ohio project. An accompanying table indicates effect of sod waterways on soil losses from contour cultivated strips on Wooster, Canfield, Chenango, and Braceville silt loam.
- Hays, O.E. and Atkinson, H.B. Hydrologic studies. Compilation of rainfall and run-off from the watersheds of the Upper Mississippi valley conservation experiment station, LaCrosse, Wisconsin 1932-38. U.S. SCS-TP-29. 19pp., illus., charts., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., November 1939. 1.96 Ad6Tp no. 29
- Olson, Lois. Erosion. A heritage from the past. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-C-1. 12pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., January 1940. 1.96 Ad6Cop no. 1
"Reprinted from volume 13, Agricultural History, October 1939."
- Regional agronomist conference. Report of proceedings of the... conference at Fort Worth, January 22-26, 1940. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-C-7. 177pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., March 1940. 1.96 Ad6Cop no. 7
Issued by Agronomy division, Office of technical operations.
- Renner, G.T. Education and the conservation of resources. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Southwest Reg. Reg. Bul. 60. 13 numb. 1., mimeogr. Albuquerque, N. Mex., Sept. 29, 1939. 1.9608 R26 no. 60
This is an article which first appeared in The Social Frontier, v. 5, no. 44, April 1939, pp. 203-206. A condensed version appears in Education Digest v. 4, May 1939, pp. 20-22.
- Rule, G.K. Crops against the wind on the Southern great plains. U.S. Dept. Agr. Farmers' Bul. 1833. 74pp., illus. Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., 1939. 1 Ag84F no. 1833
Discusses controls and cures for soil erosion in the area which includes Kansas, Colorado, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico.

Strong, H.M. Land use program for the senior high school, an address, presented at San Francisco, Calif., July 1939, before the Department of Science Instruction, National Education Association. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-C-4. 5pp., mimeogr. [Washington, D.C., 1940] 1.96 Ad6Cop no.4

Strong, H.M., comp. Some references for teachers on soil conservation and land use. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-B-2. 8 numb.1., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., March 1940. 1.96 Ad6B no.2
Includes curriculum materials, school texts, general background material on conservation and regional geography.

Tappan, J.B. A problem study of conservation and land use. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Southwest Reg. Reg. Bul. 61. 10 numb.1., mimeogr. Albuquerque, N.Mex., October 1939. 1.9608 R26 no.61

U.S. Soil conservation service. List of publications and conservation charts of the Soil conservation service. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. SCS-B-1. 12 numb.1., mimeogr. [Washington, D.C.] January 1940. 1.96 Ad6B no.1
Revised edition.

U.S. Soil conservation service. The relationship of agricultural engineering to the flood control problem, by Mark L. Nichols, and, E.R. Kinnear. 17 numb.1., mimeogr. Washington, D.C. [1940?] 1.96 Ad6Mm no.3938

U.S. Soil conservation service. Administration. Land acquisition division. Summary report. Appraised value and optioned price, 6,133 tracts of land accepted for purchase prior to July 1, 1939 under title III, Bankhead-Jones farm tenant act... prepared by Acquisition coordination section Acquisition analysis unit. U.S. Soil Conserv. Misc. Pub. 22. 58pp., illus., processed. Washington, D.C., December 1939. 1.96 Ad6Mp no.22

U.S. Soil conservation service. Division of information. References on grasses for schools and colleges... 5pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., January 1940. 1.96 R27Re

U.S. Soil conservation service, Northeast region. Key to site adaptations of woody plants recommended for plantations, together with supplementary information, prepared by Biology division. 21 numb.1., mimeogr. Upper Darby, Pa. [October 1939] 1.9601 K52

U.S. Soil conservation service, Northeast region. Notes and abbreviated vegetative keys on grasses, small grains, legumes and weeds for use in region I, compiled by R.E. Culbertson. n.p., illus., mimeogr. Ithaca, N.Y., Jan. 18, 1939. 1.9601 N84
Issued at Soil conservation service grass nursery.

U.S. Soil conservation service, Northeast region. Soil conservation districts, a medium for practical wildlife management and landowner-sportsman cooperation, by F.C. Edminster... 11pp., mimeogr. [Upper Darby, Pa., 1940] 1.9601 So33

A paper presented at the Fifth North American wildlife conference, Washington, D.C., March 19, 1940.

- U.S. Soil conservation service, Ohio valley region. Stream bank protection guide; for use by technical staff... 25 numb.l., illus., mimeogr. Dayton, Ohio, 1939. 1.9603 St8
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Orchard soil management committee. Progress report... 31 numb.l., mimeogr. [n.p.] Jan. 26, 1940. 1.96 Ad6Pr
- "A preliminary meeting of the Orchard soil management committee, was held at Benton Harbor, Michigan, August 29 to September 1, 1939. This progress report, based upon the outline prepared at the meeting brings out some of the factors to consider in the conservation of soil and moisture in orchards and vineyards on irrigated and non-irrigated lands."
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Range conservation division. References on grasses for schools and colleges, prepared by F.G. Renner... 3 numb.l., mimeogr. Washington, D.C. [1940?]; 1.96 Op2Re
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Research. Conservation experiment stations division. A station guide and brief summary of results of research work in progress at the Blackland experiment station, Temple, Texas, C.H. McDowell, Superintendent, H.O. Hill, Project leader, C.H. Rogers, Pathologist. 11 numb.l., illus., mimeogr. Temple, Tex., February 1940. 1.96 R31Ex Blackland
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Research. Drainage division. Drainage in relation to soil and moisture conservation, by Lewis A. Jones...; paper presented before the Soil and water conservation division of the American society of agricultural engineers at Chicago, Illinois, on December 7, 1939. 9pp., mimeogr. [Washington, D.C., 1939?]; 1.96 R31J
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Research. Hydrologic division. Instructions for the installation of rainfall measuring stations. U.S. Soil Conserv. Serv. Res. Hydrol. Div. Tech. Instr. 1. 6 numb.l., illus. mimeogr. Washington, D.C., September 1939. 1.96 R31Ti no.1
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Southeast region. Economic feasibility of a program of soil conservation (with special reference to Franklin county, N.C.) by S.W. Atkins...; an address presented before Soil conservation section of Association of southern agricultural workers, Birmingham, Ala., February 7, 1940. 8 numb.l., mimeogr. Raleigh, N.C., [1940]; 1.9602 At5
- Issued by Division of economic research.
- U.S. Soil conservation service Southeast region. Observations on effects of soil covers as conservation practices in peach orchards, by John T. Bregger... and A.M. Musser...; an address delivered before the 36th annual session of the American society for horticultural science, Columbus, Ohio, December 28, 1939. 10 numb.l., mimeogr. Clemson, S.C. 1.9602 Ob7
- "Literature cited," p. 10.

- U.S. Soil conservation service. Southeast region. Progress report. Study of soil conservation treatment on tobacco land, Virginia and North Carolina. 12 numb.l., illus., mimeogr. Spartanburg, S.C., Oct. 18, 1939. 1.9602 P94
- U.S. Soil conservation service, Southwest region. Report on silt in four floods in the Rio Puerco watershed 1938, by Herbert W. Yeo... 23 numb. 1, charts, typed. [Albuquerque, N. Mex.] Oct. 3, 1939. 1.9608 R29S
- U.S. Soil conservation service, Southwest region. Report on silt in the Rio Grande above Elephant Butte reservoir 1937-1938-1939 by Herbert W. Yeo... 48 numb.l., charts, typed. [Albuquerque, N. Mex.] Oct. 3, 1939. 1.9608 R29Si
- U.S. Soil conservation service, Southwest region. Report on the rains of August 29-30, 1935 in Las Cruces, N. Mex. and vicinity and the flood resulting therefrom, by Herbert W. Yeo... 35 numb.l., illus., typed. [Albuquerque, N. Mex.? 1940] 1.9608 R29
Issued by Rio Grande project.
- U.S. Soil conservation service, Southwest region. Report on the silt and salt in certain water samples from the Rio Puerco, by Herbert W. Yeo... 1939. 16 numb.l., typed. [Albuquerque, N. Mex.] Oct. 3, 1939. 1.9608 R29Sil
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Technical operations. Biology division. Environmental improvement for valuable non-game animals, by William R. VanDersal. 4 numb.l., mimeogr. [Washington, D.C., 1940] 1.96 Op2En
A paper presented at the Fifth North American wildlife conference, Washington, D.C., March 18-20, 1940.
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Technical operations. Engineering division. Engineering handbook. Land development. Section 2. Specifications for recommended building practices... U.S. SCS-ED-3b. 74 numb.l., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., December 1939. 1.96 Ad6E no.3b
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Upper Mississippi valley region. The county extension program as related to the soil conservation demonstration program, by C.C. Hearne. 9 numb.l., mimeogr. [Milwaukee, Wis., 1940] 1.9605 C83
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Upper Mississippi valley region. Farm business study of one Coon valley farm with analysis of alternative soil conservation plans, by Donald M. Keyes and Hjalmer O. Anderson. Issued by Division of economic research... LaCrosse, Wisconsin. 48 numb.l., illus., mimeogr. [Milwaukee] January 1940. 1.9605 F22
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Upper Mississippi valley region. Four years of farm accounts in the Coon creek soil conservation demonstration area, by Donald M. Keyes and Hjalmer O. Anderson. 56 numb.l., mimeogr. Milwaukee, Wis., October 1939. 1.9605 F82

- U.S. Soil conservation service. Upper Mississippi valley region. The Soil conservation service program of erosion control and land use in Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri and Wisconsin. 5 nos., mimeogr. Milwaukee, Wis., [1940?] 1.9605 So32
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Upper Mississippi valley region. A study of farming in the Prairie creek soil conservation demonstration area, Rice county, Minnesota; some implications of the recommended soil and water conservation program. A preliminary report [by] C. Herman Welch, jr. [and] Hjalmer O. Anderson. 48 numb. l., illus., mimeogr. Milwaukee, Wis., December 1939. 1.9605 St9
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Watershed and conservation surveys. Erosion and related land use conditions on the Spartanburg municipal reservoir watershed, South Carolina, by Turner C. Bass and Irving L. Martin... 16pp., illus., 17 fold. maps. Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., 1940. 1.6 So31Sp
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Watershed and conservation surveys. Erosion and related land use conditions on the University lake watershed, Chapel Hill, North Carolina by Turner C. Bass and Irving L. Martin... 16pp., illus., 8 fold. maps. Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., 1939. 1.6 So31U
- U.S. Soil conservation service. Western gulf region. Community control of erosion on a watershed basis through farmer cooperation, Elm creek watershed project, Temple, Texas. 4pp., illus., mimeogr. [Fort Worth, Tex., 1940?] 1.9604 C73

Miscellaneous

- Arthur, G.B. Common range plants, Arizona and New Mexico. U.S. Dept. Int. P.T. Ser. 13. 118pp., illus., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., October 1939. 156 P94 no. 13
- U.S. Tennessee valley authority. Department of forestry relations. Watershed protection division. Manual for soil erosion control in the Tennessee valley... 2 parts, processed. [Knoxville, Tenn.?] 1939. I73.2 T25Man pt. 1
Contents. [Pt. 1] Engineering phase, by J.H. Nicholson and J.E. Snyder.
- U.S. Tennessee valley authority. Water control planning department. Hydraulic data activities of the Tennessee valley authority. U.S. Tenn. Val. Authority. Tech. Monog. 43. 43 numb. l., illus., mimeogr. Knoxville, October 1939. I73.2 T25Tec no. 43
Brief descriptions are given of work connected with forecasting, water control operations, rainfall, streamflow, flood investigations, silt investigations, watershed studies, evaporation, ground-water investigations, hydraulic model testing and soil mechanics.

Geological Survey

- McGlashan, H.D. and Briggs, R.C. Floods of December 1937 in northern California. U.S. Geol. Survey. Water-Supply Paper 843. 497pp., illus. Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., 1939. 407 G29W no. 843

Piper, A.M., Robinson, T.W. and Park, C.F. Geology and ground-water resources of the Harney basin, Oregon...with a statement on precipitation and tree growth, by L.T. Jessup... U.S. Geol. Survey. Water-Supply Paper 841. 189pp., illus. Washington, U.S. Govt. print. off., 1939. 407 G29W no. 841

TRANSLATIONS ON FILE IN THE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE LIBRARY

Bertrand, Gabriel. On the heart-disease of the beet and its treatment with boron. (Sur la maladie du coeur de la betterave et son traitement par le bore) Ann. Agron. [Paris] 9(4/5): 548-565. July/October 1939.

Translated from the French by Albert Chiera.

Desaynard, P. Application of statistical methods of R.A. Fisher to cultural investigations. (Application des méthodes statistiques de R.A. Fisher aux expériences culturales. Ann. Agron. [Paris] 9(4/5): 626-657. July/October 1939.

Translated from the French by Albert Chiera.

Pratolongo, Ugo. Plant and agricultural hydrology. (Idrologia vegetale ed agraria) Bibliot. della Bonifica Integrale vol. 3, pt. 2. 123pp. 1936. Abridged translation by Albert Chiera.

BIBLIOGRAPHIES AND LISTS

* Bibliography of drainage. 2 numb. 1., mimeogr. 1940.

** Soil conservation in Illinois: references to periodical articles and state publications. 6pp., processed. Mar. 29, 1940.

PERSONNEL AND TRAINING

Aderhold, O.C. A new approach to training leaders in farm planning. Agr. Ed. [Des Moines] 12(8): 146-147, 158. February 1940.

Outlines a new training procedure developed through the Georgia College of Agriculture as the result of the Agricultural Extension Service, the Division of Vocational Agricultural Education, State Department of Education, and the Soil Conservation Service having been requested by the district supervisors of the several soil conservation districts to participate in a program of formulating farm programs, with special references to the conservation of soil and water.

* Available for distribution - Regional Library, Soil Conservation Service, Fort Worth, Texas.

** May be borrowed for copying.

Appley, L.A. Administrative organization in business and industry.
Mech. Engin. New York .62(4):278-282. April 1940.

Beckman, R.O. How to train supervisors. Manual and outlines for
determinate discussion. 305pp., illus. New York and London, Harper
& brothers, publishers, 1940. 249 B38

A manual describing group discussion procedures and presenting
thirty-two detailed outlines of discussion topics.

Civil service assembly of the United States and Canada. Proceedings
of the thirty-first annual meeting... San Francisco, California,
October 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, 1939. 86pp. Chicago, Ill.; 1939.
249,39 C49P4

Cushman, Frank. Training procedure. A discussion of the problems en-
countered in planning, organizing operating and maintaining efficient
training programs in industrial business, and public service organiza-
tions. 230pp. New York, John Wiley & sons, inc., 1940. 249.3 C95T
"Selected references," pp. 221-223.

Cushman, Frank. Training trainers to train. Employment Security Rev.
7(2):3-8. February 1940.

Hepler, C.W. Training on the job. U.S. Employment Serv. News 6(12):
17-18. December 1939.
"Takes stock" of on-the-job training in State Employment Services.

Hodson, William. When you work for the government. Survey Midmonthly
75(11):331-334. November 1939.

The writer contends that the establishment of a sound employer-
employee relationship offers the best assurance for the public to get
the best possible service from its servants.

Lilienthal, D.E. Administrative decentralization of federal functions.
An experiment. Advanced Mgmt. 5(1):3-8. January, February, March
1940.

The TVA as an experiment in decentralization.

Mapel, E.B. Management's approach to job training. Personnel Jour.
18(10):352-357. April 1940.

"The purpose of this monograph is to outline, for the benefit of
those who may be interested, the philosophy underlying the program and
the procedure in training."

Melsher, I.J. and Weinstock, Irving. Rating of supervisors by subordinates.
Personnel Jour. 19(1):37-40. May 1940.

Melton, P.W. Administration in a federal government bureau. Amer.
Polit. Sci. Rev. 33(5):835-840. October 1939.

Melton, P.W. Agriculture department trains personnel men. Personnel
Jour. 19(1):25-29. May 1940.

Roethlisberger, F.J. and Dickson, W.J. Management and the worker; an account of a research program conducted by the Western electric company, Hawthorne Works, Chicago... [written] with the assistance and collaboration of Harold A. Wright... 615pp., illus. Cambridge, Mass., Harvard university press, 1940. 249.3 R74

Wallace, H.A. Emerging problems in public administration; address... at the joint session of the American political science association and the Society for public administration, at Washington, D.C., December 28, 1939... 19pp., mimeogr. Washington, D.C., 1939. 1.9 Ag8636

White, L.D. Personnel administration in the seventh decade. Pub. Personnel Rev. 1(1):1-9. April 1940.

FINIS

